Notification Date: July 20, 2022 Effective Date: August 23, 2022

# Cystic Kidney Disease Gene Panel, Varies

Test ID: CKDGP

## **Useful for:**

- Providing a genetic evaluation for patients with a personal or family history of cystic kidney disease
- Establishing a diagnosis of hereditary cystic kidney disease

#### Genetics Information:

This test utilizes next-generation sequencing to detect single nucleotide, deletion-insertion, and copy number variants in 45 genes associated with cystic kidney disease: ALG8, ALG9, ANKS6, BICC1, CEP164, CEP290, CEP83, COL4A1, CRB2, DCDC2, DNAJB11, DZIP1L, GANAB, GLIS2, HNF1B, INVS, IQCB1, JAG1, LRP5, MAPKBP1, NEK8, NOTCH2, NPHP1, NPHP3, NPHP4, OFD1, PAX2, PKD1, PKD2, PKHD1, PRKCSH, RPGRIP1L, SDCCAG8, SEC61A1, SEC63, TMEM67, TRAF3IP1, TSC1, TSC2, TTC21B, UMOD, VHL, WDR19, WDR35, XPNPEP3.

Identification of a disease-causing variant may assist with diagnosis, prognosis, clinical management, familial screening, and genetic counseling for cystic kidney disease.

## **Reflex Tests:**

Test ID	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
CULFB	Fibroblast Culture for Genetic Test	Yes	No
CULAF	Amniotic Fluid Culture/Genetic Test	Yes	No
MATCC	Maternal Cell Contamination, B	Yes	No

#### Methods:

Sequence Capture and Amplicon-based Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS)

# **Testing Algorithm:**

## For prenatal specimens only:

- If an amniotic fluid specimen or nonconfluent cultures are received, amniotic fluid culture for a genetic test will be performed at an additional charge.
- If a chorionic villi specimen is received, fibroblast culture for a genetic test will be performed at an additional charge.
- For any prenatal specimen received, maternal cell contamination testing will be performed at an additional charge.

### Reference Values:

An interpretive report will be provided.

# **Ordering Guidance:**

- Targeted testing for familial variants (also called site-specific or known mutations/variants testing) is available for the genes on this panel. See FMTT / Familial Mutation, Targeted Testing, Varies. To obtain more information about this testing option, call 800-533-1710.
- Customization of this panel and single gene analysis for any gene present on this panel are available. For more information, see CGPH / Custom Gene Panel, Hereditary, Next-Generation Sequencing, Varies.

# **Specimen Requirements:**

**Patient Preparation:** A previous bone marrow transplant from an allogenic donor will interfere with testing. Call 800-533-1710 for instructions for testing patients who have received a bone marrow transplant.

# Submit only 1 of the following specimens:

Specimen Type: Whole blood

Preferred: Lavender top (EDTA) or yellow top (ACD)

Acceptable: Any anticoagulant

Specimen Volume: 3 mL

**Collection Instructions:** 1. Invert several times to mix blood.

2. Send whole blood specimen in original tube. **Do not** aliquot.

Specimen Stability Information: Ambient (preferred)/Refrigerated

Minimum Volume: 1 mL

## **Prenatal Specimens:**

Due to the complexity of prenatal testing, consultation with the laboratory is required for all prenatal testing. All prenatal specimens must be accompanied by a maternal blood specimen. Order MATCC / Maternal Cell Contamination, Molecular Analysis, Varies on the maternal specimen.

Specimen Type: Amniotic fluid

Container/Tube: Amniotic fluid container

Specimen Volume: 20 mL

Specimen Stability Information: Refrigerated (preferred)/Ambient

Additional Information: A separate culture charge will be assessed under CULAF / Culture for

Genetic Testing, Amniotic Fluid

Specimen Type: Chorionic villi

Container/Tube: 15-mL tube containing 15 mL of transport media

**Specimen Volume**: 20 mg

Specimen Stability Information: Refrigerated

Additional Information: A separate culture charge will be assessed under CULFB / Fibroblast

Culture for Molecular Testing, Chorionic Villi/Products of Conception

Specimen Type: Confluent cultured cells

Container/Tube: T-25 flask

Specimen Volume: 2 flasks

**Collection Instructions:** Submit confluent cultured cells from another laboratory.

Specimen Stability Information: Ambient (preferred)/Refrigerated

#### Note:

Specimen preferred to arrive within 96 hours of collection.

# **Specimen Stability Information:**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Varies		

#### Cautions:

## **Clinical Correlations:**

- Test results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, family history, and other laboratory data. Misinterpretation of results may occur if the information provided is inaccurate or incomplete.
- If testing was performed because of a clinically significant family history, it is often useful to first test an affected family member. Detection of a reportable variant in an affected family member would allow for more informative testing of at-risk individuals.
- To discuss the availability of additional testing options or for assistance in the interpretation of these results, contact Mayo Clinic Laboratories genetic counselors at 800-533-1710.

#### **Technical Limitations:**

- Next-generation sequencing may not detect all types of genomic variants. In rare cases, false-negative or
  false-positive results may occur. The depth of coverage may be variable for some target regions; assay
  performance below the minimum acceptable criteria or for failed regions will be noted. Given these
  limitations, negative results do not rule out the diagnosis of a genetic disorder. If a specific clinical disorder
  is suspected, evaluation by alternative methods can be considered.
- There may be regions of genes that cannot be effectively evaluated by sequencing or deletion and duplication analysis as a result of technical limitations of the assay, including regions of homology, high guanine-cytosine (GC) content, and repetitive sequences. Confirmation of select reportable variants will be performed by alternate methodologies based on internal laboratory criteria.
- This test is validated to detect 95% of deletions up to 75 base pairs (bp) and insertions up to 47 bp. Deletions-insertions (delins) of 40 or more bp, including mobile element insertions, may be less reliably detected than smaller delins.

## **Deletion/Duplication Analysis:**

This analysis targets single and multi-exon deletions/duplications; however, in some instances single exon
resolution cannot be achieved due to isolated reduction in sequence coverage or inherent genomic
complexity. Balanced structural rearrangements (such as translocations and inversions) may not be
detected.

- This test is not designed to detect low levels of mosaicism or to differentiate between somatic and germline
  variants. If there is a possibility that any detected variant is somatic, additional testing may be necessary to
  clarify the significance of results.
- Genes may be added or removed based on updated clinical relevance. For detailed information regarding gene specific performance and technical limitations, see Method Description or contact a laboratory genetic counselor.
- If the patient has had an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant or a recent blood transfusion, results may be inaccurate due to the presence of donor DNA. Call Mayo Clinic Laboratories for instructions for testing patients who have received a bone marrow transplant.

#### **Reclassification of Variants:**

- At this time, it is not standard practice for the laboratory to systematically review previously classified
  variants on a regular basis. The laboratory encourages healthcare providers to contact the laboratory at
  any time to learn how the classification of a particular variant may have changed over time.
- Variant Evaluation:
  - Evaluation and categorization of variants are performed using published American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology recommendations as a guideline.(5) Other gene-specific guidelines may also be considered. Variants are classified based on known, predicted, or possible pathogenicity and reported with interpretive comments detailing their potential or known significance. Variants classified as benign or likely benign are not reported.
- Multiple in silico evaluation tools may be used to assist in the interpretation of these results. The accuracy
  of predictions made by in silico evaluation tools is highly dependent upon the data available for a given
  gene, and periodic updates to these tools may cause predictions to change over time. Results from in silico
  evaluation tools should be interpreted with caution and professional clinical judgement.
- Rarely, incidental findings or secondary findings may implicate another predisposition or presence of active disease. Incidental findings may include but are not limited to, results related to the sex chromosomes.
   These findings will be carefully reviewed to determine whether they will be reported.

# **CPT Code:**

81404

81405

81406 x 6

81407 x 4

81408 x 3

81479

81265-Maternal cell contamination (if appropriate)

88233-Tissue culture, skin, solid tissue biopsy (if appropriate)

88235-Amniotic Fluid culture (if appropriate)

**Day(s) Performed:** Varies **Report Available:** 28 to 42 days

#### Questions

Contact Michelle Raths, Laboratory Technologist Resource Coordinator at 800-533-1710.